

## ① Right to Equality (14-18)

29 The Right to Equality includes the following -

- (1) Equality Before Law - The state shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India.
- (2) Prohibition against discrimination -

The state shall not discriminate on the grounds of religion, race, sex, 30 place of birth or any of them.

- (3) Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment -

There shall be equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the state. No citizen, on grounds of religion, race, sex, place of birth, residence or any of them shall be discriminated against in respect of any employment or office under the state.

"Things do not change; we change." - Thoreau

## (4) Abolition of Untouchability

Untouchability is abolished and its practice in any form is forbidden. Untouchability is an offence punishable in accordance with law.

## (5) Abolition of titles -

No title, not being a military or academic distinction, shall be conferred by the state. No citizen of India shall accept any title from any foreign state.

"Character is a perfectly educated will." - Novella

